14

# 2024

## M.Sc.

### **Fourth Semester**

CORE - 11

#### **ANTHROPOLOGY**

Course Code: MANC 4.41 (Demographic Studies)

Total Mark: 70 Pass Mark: 28

Time: 3 hours

Answer five questions, taking one from each unit.

#### UNIT-I

- 1. Discuss on the nature and scope of population studies highlighting key approaches and concepts.
- Analyse the Malthusian theory of population in terms of its core principles and implications for resource allocation, economic growth, and social stability.

#### UNIT-II

- 3. Define fertility. Evaluate the internal and external factors that influence fertility rates in a population. 2+12=14
- 4. How is a population pyramid visually represented in terms of age and gender distribution within a population and why is this information important in understanding and forecasting population trends?

#### **UNIT-III**

- 5. Explain on how cultural perception of family size influence population control measures and birth rates in society. Cite relevant examples to support your answer.
- 6. Discuss on the government policies for the care of the aged population in developed and developing countries.

## UNIT-IV

What is National Population Policy? Evaluate the core features of	
National Population Policy of 1976 and 2000.	3+11=14
Critically examine the concept and functions of family planning programme in India looking into its various approaches.	14
UNIT-V	
Write notes on the following: <ul><li>(a) Utopian views of William Godwin and Condorcet</li><li>(b) Mortality and migration patterns influence population growt</li></ul>	7×2=14 h
Write notes on the following: <ul><li>(a) Demographic cycle</li><li>(b) Bhore committee report</li></ul>	7×2=14
	National Population Policy of 1976 and 2000.  Critically examine the concept and functions of family planning programme in India looking into its various approaches.  UNIT-V  Write notes on the following:  (a) Utopian views of William Godwin and Condorcet  (b) Mortality and migration patterns influence population growt  Write notes on the following:  (a) Demographic cycle